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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/734,221	12/11/2000	Dan R. Littman	1049-1-004n2	6077	
75	90 12/20/2005		EXAMINER		
Klauber & Jackson 411 Hackensack Avenue			LI, BAO Q		
Hackensack, N.			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
			1648		
			DATE MAILED: 12/20/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Advisory Action	09/734,221	LITTMAN ET AL.					
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Bao Qun Li	1648					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
THE REPLY FILED 17 October 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.					
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Nor a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods: The period for reply expires 6 months from the mailing date The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire lateral 	ving replies: (1) an amendment, affitice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in one with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply mut of the final rejection. dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth	idavit, or other eviden compliance with 37 Cl ust be filed within one in the final rejection, wh	ce, which FR 41.31; or (3) of the following ichever is later. In				
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 70	b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE 06.07(f).	FIRST REPLY WAS F	ILED WITHIN				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount hortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The approprinally set in the final Office	ate extension fee ce action; or (2) as				
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on <u>17 October 2005</u>. A brithe date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply <u>AMENDMENTS</u> 	or any extension thereof (37 CFR 4 must be filed within the time perio	l1.37(e)), to avoid disi d set forth in 37 CFR	missal of the 41.37(a).				
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, It (a) They raise new issues that would require further condition (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 	nsideration and/or search (see NO w); ter form for appeal by materially re	TE below); ducing or simplifying t					
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12		mpliant Amendment (PTOL-324).				
 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s). 		timely filed amendme	nt canceling the				
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) the how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided in the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 7,37 and 74. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 1-26, 33-36, 38-40.	rided below or appended.	I be entered and an e	xplanation of				
 AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	t before or on the date of filing a No d sufficient reasons why the affidav	otice of Appeal will <u>no</u> it or other evidence is	t be entered and and				
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appear and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fail ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1	ls to provide a				
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	To the states of the stand after of	my to botom or attack	.cu.				
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered buse eattched office action.			nce because:				
12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (13. ☐ Other: Interview summery.	PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper N	lo(s)					

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ADVISORY ACTION

The response to the final action filed on October 20, 2005 under 37 CFR 1.116 has been entered. However, the amendment of the claims has been considered but is not deemed to place the application in condition for allowance.

For purpose of appeal, the status of the claims is as follows:

Pending claims: 1-26, 33-40, 61-74.

Allowed claim(s): NONE.

Rejected claim (s): 37, 70 and 74.

Claim(s) objected to: NONE.

Claims withdrawn from consideration: 1-26, 33-36, 38-40, 61-69 and 71-73

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 2. Claims 37, 70 and 74 are still rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph under the same ground as stated in the previous Office Action, because the specification, while being enabled for having a method of screening an HIV-1 macrophage tropic (HIV M-tropic) fusion inhibitor with cells expressing both CD4 and CCR5 in the presence of M-tropic HIV-1 infection or a virus pseudotyped with a full-length of HIV M-tropic envelope protein, wherein the inhibitor can be used for treating a patient infected with a M-tropic HIV virus sensitive to the said inhibitor, does not reasonably provide enablement for a method of screening any or all HIV fusion inhibitor with a cell that only expresses CCR5 in the presence of any virus pseudotyped with any or all kind of M-tropic envelope, wherein an inhibitor identified by the method can be used for prevention of AIDS. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

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3. Applicants traverse the rejection and submitted that claim 37 have amended as a method of identifying an agent that inhibits an HIV infection caused by a macrophage-tropic virus whose entry into cells is mediated by CCR5. Therefore applicants assert that the rejection should be withdrawn. Applicants' amendment as well as argument has been respectfully considered; however, it is not persuasive because this amendment does not overcome the rejection in that the scope of method reads on identifying agent with a virus pseudotyped with any kind of Macrophage-tropic envelope protein. The state of art does not teach that any macrophage-tropic envelope protein can bind to CCR5 and induce fusion pointed out in the previous office action (page 9, paragraph 19) mailed on December 21, 2004, The specification does not provide sufficient evidence to support this scope of claims and the state of art does not teaches that every envelope protein for any macrophage-tropic virus can fuse with the target cell via CCR5. The rejection is therefore, maintained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 5. Claim 37 is still rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Cocchi et al. (Science 1995, Vol. 270, pp. 1811-1815) in light of Moriuchi et al. (J. Immunol. 1997, Vol. 159, pp. 5441-5449) on the same ground as stated in the previous Office Action.
- 6. Applicants traverse the rejection and submit that the patent law is settled that a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 9102 is proper only if a single reference discloses every single element of an invention as claimed. The patent law is also clear that in certain circumstances a reference need not expressly disclose every single element of an invention as claimed if the element is inherent in the disclosure of the prior art reference. However, the patent law is equally clear that certain conditions must be met before an element may be found to be inherent in the disclosure of a prior art reference. Applicants admitted that the Examiner correctly outlines these conditions as settled by the Federal Circuit citing the review article of Feit et al. (2003, J. Pat. Trade Off. Soc., Vol.

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85, No. 1, pages 5-21) when the examiner use the prior art by Cocchi et al. to reject the claims. However, Applicants still argue that 1). Cocchi et al. do not teach or suggest all of the limitations of claim 37 as currently amended, either expressly or inherently, i.e. Cocchi et al. do not teach or suggest a method of selecting an agent for possible use in the treatment of the HIV-1 infection caused by a macrophage-tropic HIV virus, wherein the entry for the macrophage-tropic virus into the target cells is mediated by CCR5; 2). Cocchi et al. do not teach or suggest that chemokines such as RANTES, MIP-I alpha or MIP-I beta prevent the virus from fusing with the cells mediated by CCR5 recited in the currently amended claims; 3). The CCR5 is a co-factor for the Monocyte tropic HIV was not known at the time when Cocchi et al. reference was published.

7. Applicants' argument has been respectfully considered; however, it is not found persuasive because the rebottle of this argument has been clearly discussed in the previous office actions. The inherency rejection is based on that the reference by Cocchi et al. teach method uses same type of cell inherently expresses CCR5, same virus, and an reagent for testing if the reagent (recombinant chemokines) can inhibit the monotropic HIV infection. The inherency is that the CCR5 is inherently expressed by the testing target cells used in the assay, and it is the co-factor mediated M-tropic HIV envelope protein fused with the target cell inherently via CCR5 expressed on the surface of said target cells and the inhibition by the testing chemokine is inherently via blocking the fusion mediated by the CCR5 even though CCR5 is discovered as the co-factor for the fusion of macrophage-tropic HIV-2 envelope protein to the target cell. Therefore, the prior art teaches each and every limitation of the claimed method. Regard to argument that time of identifying CCR5 as M-tropic HIV fusion-cofactor later than the publication by Cocchi et al., Feit et al. indicate that it is irrelevant whether it was apparently at the time of filling the application in question. Therefore, the rejection is remained.

Conclusion

No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bao Qun Li whose telephone number is 571-272-0904. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00 am to 3:00 pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Housel can be reached on 571-272-0902. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Bao Qun Li 12/15/2005

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